Nomo -	f the module/subject	STUDY MODULE D	23		Cod	40
	yting and Energy	Management				10102221010130351
Field of		U		Profile of study		Year /Semester
Fnvi	ronmental Engin	eering Second-cycle		(general academic, practical (brak)	)	1/2
	path/specialty			Subject offered in:		Course (compulsory, elective)
		ditioning and Air Protect	tion	Polish		obligatory
Cycle of	f study:		Forr	m of study (full-time,part-time)		
Second-cycle studies			full-	full-time		
No. of h						No. of credits
Lectur	Clabbook			Project/seminars:	-	3
Status o	-	program (Basic, major, other)	(	university-wide, from another	. '	
Educati	on areas and fields of sci	(brak)			(bra	ECTS distribution (number
Lucan						and %)
-	onsible for subje					<u> </u>
	. dr hab. inż. Tomasz					
	ail: tomasz.mroz@put. (61) 6652900	poznan.pr				
Fac	ulty of Civil and Enviro					
ul. F	Piotrowo 5 60-965 Poz	nań				
Prere	equisites in term	s of knowledge, skills an		•		roop evoluction of energy
1	Knowledge		n of renewable and non-renewable primary energy sources, evaluation of energy lemand and supply side of energy market; ,			
		Principles of energy balancing, environment.	econ	omic and ecological evalua	ation	of energy systems in built
2	Skills	••	ation of energy balance equation in evaluation of energy systems in built environment; ation of coefficients of energy, economic and ecolgic efficiency of energy systems in buil nment;			
3	Social competencies	Awareness of the need to const	tantly	update and supplement k	nowl	ledge and skills.
Assu	•	ectives of the course:				
Wideni		e knowledge and skills in energy n	mana	gement necessary to solve	e cor	mplex tasks of energy flows
	Study outco	mes and reference to the	e edu	ucational results for	' a f	ield of study
Knov	vledge:					
enviror	nment - [K2_W03, K2					
	student has a theoreti ment - [K2_W03, K2	cal and practical knowledge on th _W04, K2_W07]	ne exe	ergy balancing of complex	ene	rgy systems in built
	student knows and un 03, K2_W04, K2_W07	iderstands the causes of irreversil	ibility	of real energy systems in	built	environment -
[K2_W	03, K2_W04, K2_W07	•				
	student knows dynam	ic methods of economic evaluation		energy management - [K <sup>2</sup> and technical equipment of		
6. The						-
6. The [K2_W 7. The	03, K2_W04, K2_W06	b] nciples of multicriteria evaluation	•		onm	ent -

1. The student can construct evaluation model and energy and exergy balance equations for simple and complex energy systems in built environment - [K2\_U09, K2\_U10]

2. The student can calculate energy efficiency of simple and complex energy systems used in built environment - [K2\_U12, K2\_U18]

3. The student can calculate exergy efficiency and identify causes of irreversibility of simple and complex energy systems used in built environment - [K2\_U01, K2\_U08, K2\_U18]

4. The student can calculate net present value (NPV) and internal rate of return (IRR) for elements and energy systems used in built environment - [K2\_U14]

5. The student is able to choose on the basis of multicriteria analysis the recommended scenario of energy management in built environment - [K2\_U10, K2\_U14]

#### Social competencies:

1. The student understands the need for teamwork in solving theoretical and practical problems - [K2\_K03]

- 2. The student is aware of the need to sustainable development in energy management [K2\_K05]
- 3. The student sees the need for systematic increasing his skills and competences [K2\_K01]

## Assessment methods of study outcomes

Lectures

Written test of competences (10 questions based on case study calculations) Continuous assessment during lectures (rewarding activity of the students).

Tutorials

Final written colloquium ? 3 examples on energy, exergy and economic analysis Continuous assessment of the students (rewarding students activity).

## **Course description**

Lectures:

Basic knowledge on auditing and energy management: definition of energy management, non-renewable primary energy sources, renewable primary energy sources, upgraded fuels, energy chain, gross and net energy efficiency, coefficient of non-renewable primary energy consumption, coefficient of carbon dioxide emission.

Principles of energy balancing of simple and complex energy systems in built environment, calculation of energy efficiency of complex energy systems in built environment;

Irreversibility of real thermodynamic processes. Gouya-Stodoli Law; the causes of irreversibility of real thermodynamic processes; exergy balance of thermodynamically open system; physical and chemical exergy of substance; exergy efficiency of thermodynamically open system; the measures of limitation of irreversibility of real thermodynamic processes;

Static and dynamic methods of economical evaluation of energy systems in built environment: simple payback time (SPBT), net present value (NPV), internal rate of return (IRR), total operation cost (TOC);

Principles of energy auditing: evaluation of energy use in buildings and technical systems of buildings; identification of technically acceptable scenarios of building?s retrofitting process, evaluation of chosen scenarios using energy, economy and ecological criteria;

Multicriteria methods in evaluation of energy projects in built environment: weighted sum method, outranking method (ELECTRE III/IV);

Tutorials:

- 1. Energy balancing of complex energy systems in built environment
- 2. Exergy balancing of complex energy systems in built environment
- 3. Calculation of economic efficiency of Energy systems in built environment
- 4. Multicriteria evaluation of energy systems in built environment

## Basic bibliography:

1. Szargut J., Ziębik A.: Termodynamika techniczna. Warszawa, WNT 2001.

- 2. Marecki J.: Podstawy przemian energetycznych. Warszawa, WNT 2000.
- 3. Chmielniak T: Technologie energetyczne. Warszawa, WNT 2008.
- 4. Szargut J., Guzik J.: Programowany zbiór zadań z termodynamiki technicznej. Warszawa, WNT 1980.
- 5. Rocznik statystyczny Rzeczpospolitej Polskiej 2010. Warszawa, ZWS 2011.

6. Mróz, T.M.: Planowanie modernizacji i rozwoju komunalnych systemów zaopatrzenia w ciepło. Wydawnictwo Politechniki Poznańskiej, seria rozprawy Nr 400, 2006.

7. Mróz, T.M.: Energy Management in Built Environment. Tools and Evaluation Procedures. Wydawnictwo Politechniki Poznańskiej, 2013.

# Additional bibliography:

1. Kreith, F., West, R.E.: CRC Handbook of Energy Efficiency. CRC Press Inc. 1997.

Result of average stud	dent's workload	
Activity	Time (working hours)	
1. Participation in lectures		30
2. Participation in tutorials	15	
3. Participation in consultations related to the tutorials	3	
4. Preparation for the final colloquium	23	
5. Preparation for the final test of lectures	10	
Student's wo	rkload	
Source of workload	hours	ECTS
Total workload	75	3
Contact hours	48	2
Practical activities	60	1